

Fundamental Changes for the Supply Chain in a Post-Covid-19 World

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What Covid-19 Was...

- Not a Black Swan Event
 - Black Swans "Unknown Unknowns"
 - Pandemics Have Been Known for Millenia
 - Bill Gates Predicted a Worldwide Pandemic in a 2014 TED Talk
 - The World was Simply Unprepared
- An Accelerant for Change
 - What were Once Viewed as Trends Matured Overnight
 - Technology Enabled Workforce (AI, Digital Transformation)
 - Work From Home (WFH) is here to Stay
 - Reduced Business Travel Rise of Teleconferencing Serious Damage to B&M Retailing – Rise of E- commerce



Covid-19 Proved...

- Supply Chain Priorities were Misaligned
 - Focus on <u>Cost Reduction</u> should have been a Focus on <u>Risk Reduction</u>
 - Focus on <u>Efficiency</u> should have been a Focus on <u>Effectiveness</u>
 - Focus on <u>Inventory Visibility</u> should have been a Focus on <u>Supply Chain Visibility</u>
- Supply Chains proved to be Fragile when what was needed to be was Resiliency
- Relationships with Suppliers and Customers are Important
 - Companies that had Strong Relationships with Suppliers and Customers Fared Better
 - Paid Suppliers Faster or Received Better Payment Terms from Customers
 - Supply Chain Models Were not as Sophisticated as We Thought



Characteristics of Post-Covid Supply Chains

- Supply Chains Must Become Resilient and Agile to Adapt to Challenges, Changes, Opportunities and Threats
- Eight Recommendations (Arranged from Broad to Specific)
 - Create a Vision and Culture of True End-to-End Visibility
 - Leverage Technology Compatible with the Vision and Culture
 - Implement a Continuous Improvement (CI) Program
 - Emphasize Planning over Forecasting
 - Segment Supplier and Customer Bases
 - Develop a Supply Chain Risk Analysis Plan
 - Transition from Purchasing to Procurement
 - Implement Sales & Operations Planning (S&OP)



Create a Vision and Culture of True End-to-End Visibility

What is a Vision?

- A statement of aspiration What we want our company to be
- Desired state
- Short, clear, and to the point
- The Vision should be Shared with Everyone

What is Culture?

- It is the sum of an organization's beliefs and behaviors tempered by the customs, morals and goals of the group
- It is how people act when the boss isn't around
- Cultures are developed through tradition and organizational change



Create a Vision and Culture of True End-to-End Visibility

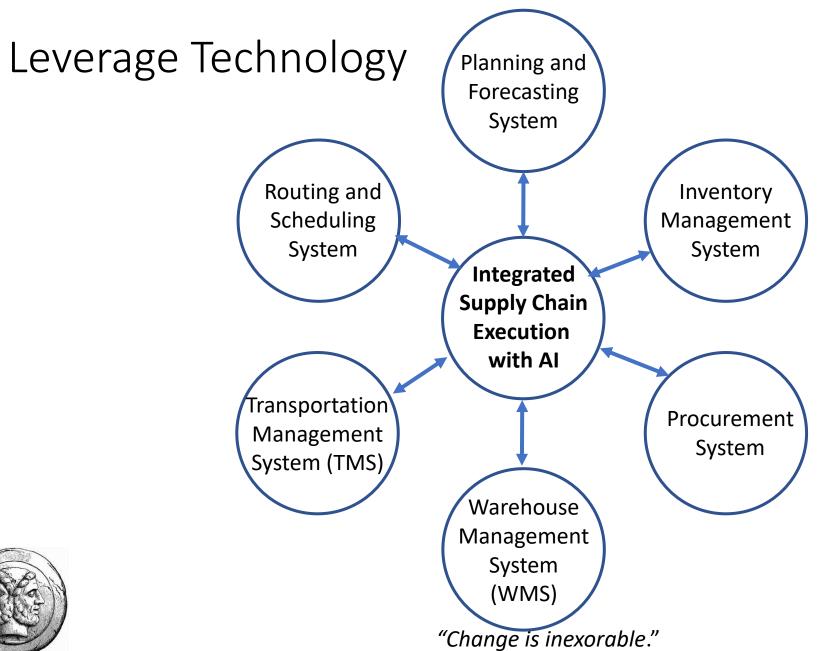
- What is End-to-End Visibility?
 - The ability to track material from the time it is ordered to when it is consumed, used, sold and delivered to the customer or other end user
 - At any point in the supply chain
 - By item, serial number, lot number, date code, etc.
 - Best Realized Through Digital Transformation
- Leverage Auto ID
 - Barcode & 2-D
 - RF Tags
- Transparency in Operations and Processes
 - Integrated databases
 - Shared KPI's



Create a Vision and Culture of True End-to-End Visibility

Requirements

- Inclusive / Participative not "Command & Control"
- Embraces change and a free exchange of ideas
- Free and open communication in all directions, up, down and across
- Process, not function driven No silos!
- Allows experimentation, learning and failure
- Requires Extensive Organizational Change Management (OCM) Expertise
 - Communicate early and often through extensive discussions with unions / hourly employees / management
 - Develop trust at all levels change must be viewed as an opportunity not a threat







- Technology must be Consistent with the Vision, Strategy and Culture
- Combine Commercial Off-the-Shelf (COTS) Software Systems into an Integrated Supply Chain Management System
 - Minimize customization
 - Integrated into SaaS and Cloud services
- Incorporate Artificial Intelligence in Decision Making Processes
- Transparency Driven by Dashboards and KPI's Accessible to All
- Technology Should be Viewed as an Investment rather then an Expense
 - Subject to development of a business case and subject to ROI / payback analysis
 - Periodically review to ensure it is meeting the organization's needs

- Planning and Forecasting System
 - Emphasize planning over forecasting
 - Planning process of selecting strategies to achieve a goal based on assumptions for the future including forecasts and objective and subjective information
 - Forecasting using past and present data to create a model for the future based on assumptions, postulates and a certain degree of guessing
- Inventory Management System
 - Tracks inventory levels (RM, WIP, FG, MRO)
 - Tracks inventory accuracy through cycle counts





- Procurement System
 - Automates the purchasing process allowing for "Higher Level" Procurement Decisions
 - Allows supplier segmentation
 - Cuts purchase orders and blanket orders
 - Allows logical bid analysis
- Warehouse Management System (WMS)
 - Controls all warehouse operations (ASNs, receiving, putaway, picking, shipping)
 - Directs picking and putaway (interleaving)
 - Labor system (bolt-on) manages staffing and budgeting



- Transportation Management System (TMS)
 - Manages inbound transportation
 - Manages outbound transportation (parcel, LTL, TL)
 - Audits freight bills (inbound and outbound)
- Routing and Scheduling System
 - Optimizes route planning
 - Tracks assets via GPS
 - Plans delivery schedules
 - Reports early / late deliveries





Implement a Continuous Improvement (CI) Program

- Improvement of Products, Services and Processes with Incremental and Breakthrough Improvements
 - Focus on fundamentals for reducing cost and cycle time and improving processes
 - Provide company-wide training (all levels of the organization)
 - Utilize tools of Lean Management and Six Sigma
- Publicize Results
- Share Tangible Savings Wherever Possible and / or Appropriate





Emphasize Planning over Forecasting

- Planning process of selecting strategies to achieve a goal based on assumptions for the future based on objective and forecast information
 - Explains a course of action and explains the strategic thinking behind it
 - Identifies responsible parties, timing and expected results
- Forecasting using past and present data to create a model for the future based on assumptions, and postulates
 - "Educated guess"
 - Two kinds of forecasts, lucky and lousy





Segment Supplier and Customer Bases

- One Size Does Not Fit All
- Supplier Segmentation Procurement
 - Kraljic Matrix
 - ABC Classification
 - Supplier Performance
- Customer Segmentation Sales
 - ABC Segmentation
 - Profitability
 - Demographic
 - Geography



Kraljic Matrix

High

LEVERAGE ITEMS

- Exploitation of full purchasing power
- Targeted pricing strategies/negotiations
- Abundant supply

STRATEGIC ITEMS

- Development of long-term relationships
- · Collaboration and innovation
- Natural scarcity

Profit impact

NON-CRITICAL ITEMS

- Product standardisation
- Process efficiency (automated purchasing e.g. catalogues, e-tendering)
- Abundant supply

BOTTLENECK ITEMS

- Low control of suppliers
- Innovation and product substitution and replacement
- Production-based scarcity





Customer Segmentation Example

| Main Bases of Segmentation | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Geographic | Demographic | Behavioural | Psychographic |
| e.g. "Customers 10 miles or more outside of a major metropolitan area." | e.g. "College students ages 18-24." | e.g. "Customers wanting a competitive edge on graduate admissions applications." | e.g. "Students who are interested in sustainability and environmental issues." |
| Location Region City/Town/State | Age Gender Occupation Socio-economic Group | Benefits sought Loyalty status Ready to buy Early adopters | Lifestyle Attitude Education Level Class Personality |





Develop a Supply Chain Risk Analysis Plan

- Develop an Integrated Team Structure
- Develop a Comprehensive List of Risks
- Calculate the Risk of Probability and its Cost Impact
- Develop a Mitigation Strategy for Each Risk
 - Acceptance there is nothing you can do about it
 - Transference make it the responsibility of another party
 - Avoidance eliminate the risk
 - Reduction lessen the impact
- Monitor Risks and Update



Transition from Purchasing to Procurement

- Automate Procurement Process
- Minimize Transactional Purchasing (low volume / specialty)
- Segment Suppliers Based on Supply Chain Vision and Strategy
 - Kraljic Matrix
 - Geography
 - Supplier Performance
- Develop Relationships with Critical Suppliers
- Develop Partnerships with Suppliers
 - Improve Existing Products
 - Develop New Products



Implement Sales & Operations Planning (S&OP)

- S&OP a Process by which a Single Plan is Developed for use by Sales, Marketing, Production, Distribution, Finance and Company Executives
- Monthly Planning Cycle
- The Goal is to Balance Demand and Supply "One Version of the Truth"
- 5-Step Process that Includes Data Gathering, Demand Planning, Supply Planning, a Pre-S&OP Meeting, and an Executive S&OP Meeting



- The Most Successful Companies will make a Paradigm Shift from "Profit First" to "People First" and Playing the Long Game
 - This is the result of Transitioning to a Vision and Culture of True End-to-End Visibility
 - Take Care of Employees, Customers, and the Environment and the Profits will Follow
 - Circular Supply Chains will Gain in Importance and Prevalence
 - To Fix the Environment We Must Fix the Economy
 - Increasing the Level of Engagement Reduces Turnover, and Improves Attendance and Productivity





- The Face of Companies is Changing, Resulting in Major Changes in their Supply Chains
- Supply Chains will Focus on Effectiveness vs. Efficiency
- The New Supply Chain Paradigm will be Resiliency + Agility = Adaptability
 - Adapt able to adjust to new conditions or environments or modified for a new purpose
 - Resilient ability to withstand or recover from difficult conditions
 - Agile ability to change directions
- The New Supply Chain Paradigm will address any Challenge, Change,
 Opportunity, or Threat

- Other Supply Chain Changes include:
 - Governments will provide incentives, subsidies, and/or mandates to insure supplies of certain items
 - Organizations will Shorten Supply Lines (nearshoring and reshoring)
 - Companies will revise investment models to include expansion capacity
- However, There will <u>Always</u> be a Gap between the Virtual and Physical Worlds
 - Investment Cycles take Years
 - Three Year Timeline to Implement AI Software
 - We must narrow this Gap!



Further Reading

- Thinking Fast and Slow by Daniel Kahneman
- The Future after Covid by Jason Schenker
- The Infinite Game by Simon Sinek
- After the Dust Settles by Gary A. Smith Supply Chain Management Review, November 2020





Questions

Thank You!